Is this a MAGAZINE, NEWSPAPER or JOURNAL Article???

How to Tell the Difference

CLUE	MAGAZINE	NEWSPAPER	JOURNAL
NAME (Title of Periodical)	 Rarely has the word "Journal" in the name 	 Sometimes has the word "Journal," "Daily," "Gazette," "Herald," "Mail," "News," "Observer," "Post," "Sun," "Telegraph," "Times," or "Wire" in the name 	 Sometimes has the word "Journal," "Quarterly," "Annals," "Transactions," or "Proceedings" in the name
		 Sometimes has place of publication in parentheses after the name, e.g., <i>The Times</i> (Denver, Colorado) 	
DATE	 Usually published monthly 	 Usually published daily 	 Usually published quarterly
	 Sometimes bi-monthly (e.g., Sept/Oct) 	 Sometimes weekly 	Sometimes monthlyRarely annually
	 Sometimes weekly 	 Occasionally monthly 	 Often published in seasons: (e.g., Spring, Summer, Fall, Winter)
EDITION	 No edition given 	 Sometimes has an edition, e.g., "Morning edition," "City Final," "West Coast Edition" 	 No edition given
PAGE NUMBERS	 Normal page numbers 	 Sometimes includes Roman numerals (e.g. I, II, II, IV) or letters (A, B, C) as sections 	 Normal page numbers Sometimes very large numbers, e.g., pgs. 662-684
LENGTH OF ARTICLE	 Short articles, usually less than 6 pages 	 Very short articles, usually less than 2 pages 	 Usually long articles, over 5 pages Sometimes short, 1-page, editorials or book reviews Medical and science journal articles are often only 1 - 5 pages long
AUTHOR'S CREDENTIALS	 Usually only gives author's/journalist's name, not credentials 	 Usually only gives author's/reporter's name, not credentials 	 Often experts with a PhD or a Master's degree, or who work for a famous research institute Credentials are given after author's name
	 Sometimes no author is given 	 Often no author is given 	or at end of article

CLUE	MAGAZINE	NEWSPAPER	JOURNAL
VOCABULARY	 Usually easy to read, e.g., People Magazine, Newsweek Sometimes harder to read, e.g., trade magazines written for business people, like Forbes 	 Usually easy to read Sometimes harder to read, e.g., trade newspapers written for business people, like the Wall Street Journal 	 Always hard to read, e.g., Harvard Business Review, written for and by businesses professors and researchers at government and private research institutes
TOPICS	 Informative articles on various topics Personal views and experiences Summaries of research, e.g., "Breast Cancer: The latest treatments" 	 Reports on latest news May include "exposes" or "investigations" Short informative articles Personal opinions, e.g., guest editorials, letters to the editor Summaries of research, e.g., "El Paso Schools Improving" 	 Usually original reports of long-term scholarly research done by the author(s) of the articles The abstract may include terms like "random sample," "correlation," "qualitative/quantitative study," or phrases like "This study presents/discusses/ analyzes/examines"
BIBLIOGRAPHIES	 Rarely have bibliographies at the end of the articles 	 Never have bibliographies at the end of the articles 	 Usually have bibliographies, often long ones, at the end of the articles
ARTICLE DATABASES http://www.epcc.edu/ vvlib/vvonline.htm	 Most of the databases will include magazine articles 	 "Newspaper" databases find only newspaper articles. Sometimes other databases will allow you to limit the search to newspaper articles 	 Many databases will include journal articles Limiting to "Peer Reviewed," "Refereed," "Scholarly," or "Professional" periodicals can limit the search to journal articles

Warning: Some of the Online Article Databases include parts of books such as chapters or excerpts.

Clues: 1) Books are usually published in a year, not a day or month, 2) there is usually a place of publication and/or a publisher given, 3) sometimes there is an editor as well as an author, 4) sometimes there is an edition given such as 2^{nd} ed, 3^{rd} ed.

STILL NOT SURE? ASK A LIBRARIAN!